

## SOCIETY RAFFLES STOLE THE GEMS

Truth Leaks Out in Goelet Jewelry Disappearance.

REFUSED TO CAUSE ARREST

Wealthy Victim, After Recovering Her Property, Declined to Prosecute Robber.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Even the police are reluctant to let the mystery of the Goelet jewels pass as a closed incident. There is no end of speculation at police headquarters about the \$200,000 worth of diamonds, pearls, and rubies that had gone astray and then come back to the rightful owner by some strange underground route. But at the office of the Pinkerton Detective Agency there was none of this idle speculation. The sleuths who were sent out on the trail of the peck of baubles had nothing to add to the "explanation" they gave on Wednesday, the explanation that did not explain how the jewels disappeared, nor how they were found and returned to Mrs. Goelet. The gems are safe once more in the Goelet strong box at Ochre Court, Newport. They were sent there by express and were delivered at the Goelet mansion early yesterday, according to a dispatch received from there.

**Gems at Jewelers.**  
In their official statement, the Pinkertons merely said that "jewels were found in a safe in this city." There are several safes in New York besides the one in Mrs. Goelet's town house, at 608 Fifth Avenue. It is persistently reported now that the jewels were not found in Mrs. Goelet's safe, but in that of a well-known Broadway jeweler. The report went on to say that they were deposited there for safe keeping by a young man who is one of the shining lights in society both here and at Newport.

Mrs. Goelet herself is said to have traced the collection of gems to the jeweler's shop. She found that a considerable sum of money had been advanced to the young man who left them there, and this sum was paid without question for the reason that she was glad to recover them at almost any cost. She had still another reason for doing so, and that was to avoid further publicity.

**Called Upon Her.**  
Besides the Pinkerton and headquarters detectives, Mrs. Goelet had a volunteer sleuth on the trail of the jewels—a young man who could give the Pinkerton lessons in running down errand diamonds.

Mrs. Goelet had not been in New York an hour last Monday when she was joined by Charles Edward Greenough, a young bachelor, who has apartments at 21 West Forty-fifth Street. Soon after her arrival at the Hotel Buckingham, Fifth Street and Fifth Avenue, Mr. Greenough called there to see her. He was in the city on a short stop, and has never been left out when Mrs. Goelet was entertaining.

They remained at the Hotel Buckingham only a few minutes and then took a public cab at the Fifth Street entrance of the hotel and drove away. They were gone about an hour, Mrs. Goelet returning alone in the cab.

**Leh's Friend.**  
The servants at the Goelet mansion in Fifth Avenue denied yesterday that Mrs. Goelet had been there, and one of them was quite positive that she had not been there at all, for the reason that it is closed for the season.

"The police say that Mr. Greenough also was a loser in the jewelry line while he was in Newport. They assert that a valuable diamond scarf pin belonging to him disappeared on August 2, and that the Newport police have been looking for it ever since. It was supposed to have fallen into the same mysterious hands that made away with the priceless collection of jewels that brought Mrs. Goelet to New York. Mr. Greenough denied himself to all callers yesterday, as did Mrs. Goelet. He sent word that his scarf pin had been stolen, that he knew of no such theft.

Greenough is a close friend of Harry Leh. He was in the class of 1902 at Yale.

**At Newport.**  
NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 12.—Mrs. Goelet arrived here late this evening from New York, and the \$200,000 worth of jewels that have been missing since June 21 are now in her safe at Ochre Court, her residence here. Chief of Police Richards has been informed by wire that Mrs. Goelet would return today and he was waiting for her at Wickford. But she did not risk the trip from New York alone. A Pinkerton detective came with her.

Some of the news concerning the search for the missing jewels came out today. It seems that as soon as Mrs. Goelet missed the jewels she telegraphed the Pinkertons. Within an hour they told her that it was an "inside job" and that some of the servants had probably stolen the gems. She refused to believe this and was then told that if the servants were innocent some one of her numerous guests must have been a Raffer.

**Urged Arrests.**  
The Pinkertons had one of their men installed at Ochre Court as an assistant butler. He dogged all of the Pinkertons while two other sleuths shadowed the young men who are called in frequently at the last moment to fill vacant places at dinners and other entertainments. At one of Mrs. Goelet's dances a detective is said to have failed to find one of the invited guests who failed to appear.

When Mrs. Goelet was summoned to New York on Monday she was informed that the mystery had been solved and that she must take steps to have the thief arrested at once, or the Pinkertons would have nothing further to do with the case.

The detectives are said to have urged her to let them make a search of her Fifth Avenue house, but she indignantly refused. She said she was weary of the whole business and wanted to drop it. She insisted on paying the Pinkertons for their work and losing the great collection rather than have the case made public. Not many days later the diamonds had been recovered, but the thief was not arrested. That's what puzzles Newport so much.

**NEW FERRYBOAT LAUNCHED AT WILMINGTON YARDS**

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 12.—At the Harland & Hollingsworth Company's ship yards the steel ferryboat Elizabeth, built for the Central Railroad of New Jersey, was launched.

Mrs. A. S. Crane, of Elizabeth, cut the string which held the boat, and the sponsor was Miss Helen A. Besler, daughter of Vice President Besler.

Guests were present from New York, Philadelphia, and Elizabeth. From the latter place came the mayor, the board of trade, and members of the city council.

## Man Hopelessly Insane By a Practical Joke

George Jenkins, of Camden, N. J., Driven to an Asylum Through Playing Upon His Fear of Burglars.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—Hopelessly insane as the result of a joke, George B. Jenkins, of Camden, is confined in the county asylum at Blackwood. The police have searched in vain for the persons who played upon his fear of burglars and deprived him of his reason. Jenkins resided at 1112 Maple Street, and is forty-five years old. Numerous burglaries in the neighborhood had caused him to become nervous, and his fear of being murdered while he slept increased until it amounted almost to a mania.

Opening his shutters one morning about a week ago he was startled to see scrawled on a slip of paper and posted on the glass these words: "The next house we visit will be yours."

From that moment his mind has been gone. At times the unfortunate man became violent, and his family caused his commitment to the asylum. He is a member of Bethany Methodist Episcopal Church.

**TOO MANY GENERALS AMONG CONFEDERATES**  
Veterans Meet at New Orleans and Begin Campaign Against Use of Honorary Military Titles.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 12.—The Confederate Association of the Army of Tennessee has decided that there are too many generals among the veterans. This is due to the habit that has grown up of distributing honorary generalships and colonelcies in the South. It has been decided that henceforth no veteran of the civil war shall bear any other military title beyond that he won in the Confederate Army. This will be submitted to the Confederate camps, and will, it is believed, lead to the abolition of all the honorary titles.

There are scarcely a dozen veterans in Louisiana with rank below colonel.

**HISTORICAL MISTAKE IN PENNSYLVANIA DAY**  
Observance of Wayne's Victory at St. Louis Exposition Set Too Far Ahead.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 12.—Governor Pennypacker has been shocked to learn that a blunder had been made in the proclamation which he issued on Tuesday, designating August 20 as "Pennsylvania Day" at the St. Louis Exposition.

The proclamation announced that the occasion was the "100th anniversary of Anthony Wayne's victory at the battle of Fallen Timbers," when, in fact, it is the 110th anniversary.

This blunder was discovered by a Harrisburg newspaper, and an investigation was started by the executive department to ascertain if the governor, who is supposed to be infallible as an historian, and who selected the date for Pennsylvania Day, really had made a mistake.

Investigation showed that an error had been made in transcribing the document, and that the governor was right as to the date.

The original of the proclamation, on file in the State Department, signed by Pennypacker, reads plainly "110th anniversary of the victory of Anthony Wayne."

In copying the proclamation the mistake was made. The governor took the matter seriously when he learned that the error was not his.

**BOY BANDIT SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT**

David Kelly, Convicted of Complicity in John Lane's Death, Punished at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—David Kelly, member of the notorious "boy bandit" quartet, has been found guilty of complicity in the murder of John Lane, sentenced to life imprisonment in the penitentiary.

James and William Formby and Peter Duffer already have been sentenced to life imprisonment for their part in the killing of Lane, they having pleaded guilty.

The "northwest trio" of bandits—Joseph Doljinski, Frank Czap, and Frank Krawinski, have entered the State prison at Joliet to begin their life terms. When they were taken from the jail with nine other prisoners, the boys joked and talked with one another while riding in the bus to the depot.

**SCHOONER DRIFTS FROM COURSE.**  
NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The steamship Northeastern, which arrived from Sabine Pass, reports that the schooner Beattie Whiting was spoken on August 1 about twenty miles north of Diamond Shoals. The four-day voyage from New York, bound for Charleston, she had been three times around Cape Hatteras, but had drifted back.

**BOY LOSES LIFE TRYING TO SAVE THAT OF DOG**  
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—To save his pet dog, Joseph Shapiro, six years old, lost his own life.

Joseph's parents occupy the third floor of the house 228 North Second Street. In the rear of the building is a flat used to dry clothes. The boy and his pet were playing when the dog leaped over the railing. Joseph made a lunge to grab him, slipped, and fell to the pavement below, striking on his head.

The mother ran to pick him up, carried him into the house and then fainted. The little fellow died several hours later in the Children's Hospital.

**AMERICAN SEAMAN MURDERED.**  
NICE, Aug. 12.—The body of an American seaman was found in the harbor of Villefranche. There were wounds on the scalp and forehead in the eyes. The autopsy showed it was a case of murder. The corpse had been five days in the water.

**FOUR PERSONS INJURED IN AUTO SMASH-UP**  
R. Livingston Beekman's \$10,000 Forty-Horse Mercedes, With Full Power On, Runs Away at Newport.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 12.—The most serious automobile accident of the season occurred when R. Livingston Beekman's \$10,000 forty-horse Mercedes, containing four of his servants, flew down the avenue toward the Beekman villa.

When they reached the abrupt turn at the Gerry Place, the machine skidded across the roadway in the mud, struck the curb, overturned, and then smashed into the stone wall which is now bespattered with blood.

The injured are: H. Egan, chauffeur, hip and back badly injured. Abe, assistant chauffeur, collar bone broken and skull fractured. J. Keegan, coachman, had scalp wound.

Keegan was thrown thirty feet in the air turning a somersault into Commodore Gerry's garden.

The fourth occupant received only a slight scalp wound.

**WARNING SENT OUT AGAINST BAD BILLS**  
Secret Service Notifies Country to Look Out for Number of Dangerous Counterfeits.

Notification has been sent out to all parts of the United States by the Secret Service, warning financial institutions against a number of dangerous counterfeits.

The most dangerous of these are five, ten, and one hundred dollar notes. The list is as follows:

New counterfeit \$5 silver certificate; note, on the Millers' River National Bank, of Athol, Mass.; check letter A; plate number, 106; J. W. Lyons, Register of the Treasury; Ellis H. Roberts, Treasurer of the United States. This is another zinc etched production, printed on two pieces of paper, between which a few silk threads have been distributed.

Series 1899; \$5; check letter A; plate number, 161; J. W. Lyons, Register of the Treasury; Ellis H. Roberts, Treasurer of the United States. The paper is of good quality with red ink lines to imitate the silk threads of the genuine.

New counterfeit \$5 national bank note, on the Cape Cod National Bank, of Harwich, Mass.; check letter A; series of 1882; B. K. Bruce, Register; A. U. Wyman, Treasurer; charter number, 712; bank number, 1907; Treasury number, A7982A. The paper is of good quality. A few red ink lines represent the silk fibers.

New counterfeit \$10 United States note, on the Millers' River National Bank, of Athol, Mass.; check letter B; series 1882; B. K. Bruce, Register of the Treasury; Ellis H. Roberts, Treasurer of the United States. This is printed on two pieces of thin paper of good quality, between which silk threads have been distributed.

New counterfeit \$100 gold certificate; department series act of July 12, 1892; check letter B; plate number 5; J. W. Lyons, Register of the Treasury; Ellis H. Roberts, Treasurer of the United States; portrait of Benton.

## NAN PATTERSON SEEKS LIBERTY

Her Lawyer Takes Case In to Court on Technicality.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S PLAN

Would Keep Woman in Jail Until Relatives Return and Testify.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—"Imprisonment for life on the charge of murder in the first degree without a trial. That is the logical result of the acting district attorney's position in the Nan Patterson case."

This is the statement made by Henry W. Unger, of the firm of Levy & Unger, counsel for Miss Nan Patterson, charged with the murder of Caesar Young, when he was informed that the acting district attorney did not intend to put Miss Patterson on trial till Mr. and Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, her brother-in-law and sister, had returned and surrendered themselves at the district attorney's office.

Mr. Unger prepared a motion to be presented to Presiding Judge Newburger, in Part I, of the court of general sessions, asking that Miss Patterson be given her liberty on her own recognizance pending the trial of the case, on the ground that a full term of court has elapsed since the return of the indictment against her, in which she might have been tried, and that no motion for trial has been made.

Notice of this motion will be served upon Acting District Attorney Rand.

**Law on Subject.**  
This motion is made by Mr. Unger under section 68 of the Penal Code, which says:

"If a defendant indicted for a crime whose trial has not been postponed upon his or her application be not brought to trial at the next term of the court in which the indictment is trable after it is found, the court may, upon application of the defendant, order the indictment to be dismissed, unless good cause to the contrary be shown."

"Section 68—If indicted or so tried, if sufficient reason be shown, the court may order the action continued from term to term, and the defendant may in the meantime discharge the defendant from custody on his (or her) own undertaking, or on bail for appearance at the time set for trial, and the action may be continued."

"This is exactly what Attorney Unger will ask the court to do for Miss Patterson, but his plea on the precarious condition of her health and the fact that the district attorney has had ample time to prepare the case for trial."

"When Miss Patterson is tried?" Acting District Attorney Rand was asked.

"When J. Morgan Smith and his wife return to New York," was the answer.

**Will Wait for Smiths.**  
"Supposing they do not return?" was asked.

"Then we will wait," said Mr. Rand. "Supposing a motion is made to put Miss Patterson on trial at once or to release her from custody pending a later trial. What will be done in that case?"

"Such action will be opposed by this office, and I do not believe any judge will grant such a motion while the brother-in-law and sister of Miss Patterson are absent from the city, and in contempt of the grand jury for failing to respond to a subpoena served upon them, and who are keeping themselves out of the jurisdiction of this court," was the reply.

**Might Never Be Tried.**  
It is this attitude of the acting district attorney which Mr. Unger characterizes as "imprisonment for life without a trial" on the ground that Mr. and Mrs. J. Morgan Smith do not intend to return to New York at all, and consequently this theory, if carried to its logical conclusion, would mean that Miss Patterson was never to be tried and never to be released.

"This theory is not correct if carried to the end, then it is incorrect in its inception," said Mr. Unger. "It is just on this point that Molinex won his case for forcing it to trial, spite of the absence of Mable Melando, a witness used by the State in the first trial, and who could not be secured to testify in the second trial of the case."

**Father's Loving Devotion.**  
The devotion of Miss Patterson's aged white-haired father to his daughter in her affliction is the most pathetic thing about the case.

Every morning for these two months he has appeared at the Tombs regularly to see his daughter, to bring her a basket of dainty fruit, some delicacy of the season to tempt her failing appetite, and to give her a father's advice and encouragement.

From the first Miss Patterson has tried to keep her mind off her own troubles by offering sympathy and help to the hundreds of unfortunates who are incarcerated.

With many of these prisoners who are friendless she shares her choice viands from the outside, and in cases of sickness or death of friends at home she has been found a ready help to the poor women who have appealed to her for sympathy.

**ATTENTION**

**Midsummer Clearance Sale PIANOS.**  
Savings of \$50 to \$150 on Pianos. Square Pianos, \$25 up.

Sanders & Stayman Co. 1327 F St.

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

## Four Persons Injured In Auto Smash-Up

R. Livingston Beekman's \$10,000 Forty-Horse Mercedes, With Full Power On, Runs Away at Newport.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S PLAN

Would Keep Woman in Jail Until Relatives Return and Testify.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—"Imprisonment for life on the charge of murder in the first degree without a trial. That is the logical result of the acting district attorney's position in the Nan Patterson case."

This is the statement made by Henry W. Unger, of the firm of Levy & Unger, counsel for Miss Nan Patterson, charged with the murder of Caesar Young, when he was informed that the acting district attorney did not intend to put Miss Patterson on trial till Mr. and Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, her brother-in-law and sister, had returned and surrendered themselves at the district attorney's office.

Mr. Unger prepared a motion to be presented to Presiding Judge Newburger, in Part I, of the court of general sessions, asking that Miss Patterson be given her liberty on her own recognizance pending the trial of the case, on the ground that a full term of court has elapsed since the return of the indictment against her, in which she might have been tried, and that no motion for trial has been made.

Notice of this motion will be served upon Acting District Attorney Rand.

**Law on Subject.**  
This motion is made by Mr. Unger under section 68 of the Penal Code, which says:

"If a defendant indicted for a crime whose trial has not been postponed upon his or her application be not brought to trial at the next term of the court in which the indictment is trable after it is found, the court may, upon application of the defendant, order the indictment to be dismissed, unless good cause to the contrary be shown."

"Section 68—If indicted or so tried, if sufficient reason be shown, the court may order the action continued from term to term, and the defendant may in the meantime discharge the defendant from custody on his (or her) own undertaking, or on bail for appearance at the time set for trial, and the action may be continued."

"This is exactly what Attorney Unger will ask the court to do for Miss Patterson, but his plea on the precarious condition of her health and the fact that the district attorney has had ample time to prepare the case for trial."

"When Miss Patterson is tried?" Acting District Attorney Rand was asked.

"When J. Morgan Smith and his wife return to New York," was the answer.

**Will Wait for Smiths.**  
"Supposing they do not return?" was asked.

"Then we will wait," said Mr. Rand. "Supposing a motion is made to put Miss Patterson on trial at once or to release her from custody pending a later trial. What will be done in that case?"

"Such action will be opposed by this office, and I do not believe any judge will grant such a motion while the brother-in-law and sister of Miss Patterson are absent from the city, and in contempt of the grand jury for failing to respond to a subpoena served upon them, and who are keeping themselves out of the jurisdiction of this court," was the reply.

**Might Never Be Tried.**  
It is this attitude of the acting district attorney which Mr. Unger characterizes as "imprisonment for life without a trial" on the ground that Mr. and Mrs. J. Morgan Smith do not intend to return to New York at all, and consequently this theory, if carried to its logical conclusion, would mean that Miss Patterson was never to be tried and never to be released.

"This theory is not correct if carried to the end, then it is incorrect in its inception," said Mr. Unger. "It is just on this point that Molinex won his case for forcing it to trial, spite of the absence of Mable Melando, a witness used by the State in the first trial, and who could not be secured to testify in the second trial of the case."

**Father's Loving Devotion.**  
The devotion of Miss Patterson's aged white-haired father to his daughter in her affliction is the most pathetic thing about the case.

Every morning for these two months he has appeared at the Tombs regularly to see his daughter, to bring her a basket of dainty fruit, some delicacy of the season to tempt her failing appetite, and to give her a father's advice and encouragement.

From the first Miss Patterson has tried to keep her mind off her own troubles by offering sympathy and help to the hundreds of unfortunates who are incarcerated.

With many of these prisoners who are friendless she shares her choice viands from the outside, and in cases of sickness or death of friends at home she has been found a ready help to the poor women who have appealed to her for sympathy.

**ATTENTION**

**Midsummer Clearance Sale PIANOS.**  
Savings of \$50 to \$150 on Pianos. Square Pianos, \$25 up.

Sanders & Stayman Co. 1327 F St.

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

**ATTENTION**

## BIG INCOME GIVEN TO HANNAH ELIAS

"Black Enchantress" Given Five Hundred a Month.

A RECEIVER HAS PROPERTY

Court Acts on Her Plea for Support. Gets Residence Rent Free.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Hannah Elias is granted an allowance of \$500 a month from the rents of the real estate owned by her, under an order made by Judge Blanchard, of the supreme court, pending the trial of the suit brought against her by John R. Platt, an octogenarian retired glass manufacturer, who is seeking to recover \$250,000 which he asserts she obtained from him during an acquaintance of eight years.

**Allowed Residence.**  
The woman is also to be allowed to occupy, free, the residence in Central Park West, in which she resided at the time the suit was begun, and she is not to be disturbed in her possession of her wearing apparel.

Gilbert M. Montague is named as temporary receiver of the real and personal property of Mrs. Elias, including all moneys that she has on deposit in various trust companies and banks in this city.

He is to take charge of the collection of the rents of the real estate, Nos. 133 West Fifty-third Street, 72 West Sixty-eighth Street, and 166 West Seventy-second Street.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.

**Under Heavy Bonds.**  
He will have control of the Central Park West property, and the tenants of these properties are enjoined not to pay any rent to Hannah Elias or anyone representing her. The receiver is required to furnish a bond of \$50,000.

The real estate named is that which the aged man declares she purchased with the money he alleges she obtained by means of threats, and he seeks to have this property impressed with a trust in his favor until the suit can be determined on its merits.